

FAMILY SCAVENGER HUNT



Welcome to our Virtual Museum! As you click through the Galleries,

keep your eyes peeled and see how many of the items below you can find.

Hint: Not every Gallery will have a clue, and some clues might be in a case.

LOOK FOR THE FOLLOWING ITEMS:	
1. A lion and a unicorn	9. A sword with a red ribbon
2. A beaded belt with a heart	10. A boat with cannons on it
3. A lantern in a tree	11. Two horses
4. A boy throwing a snowball	12. A tall brown stone with a sun at the top
5. This sailor handing you a rope	13. This clock
6. A cannon ball7. A gold helmet with a lion on the front	14. A wall of revolutionaries
8. A woman with her hands on her hips	BONUS How many cannons can you find?









FAMILY MUSEUM SCAVENGER HUNT ANSWER KEY

- 1. Rule Britannia!: The Lion and Unicorn are symbols of British monarchy.
- 2. The Price of Victory: This one symbolizes the peace between the six native nations (on the right) and nine British colonies (on the left. The GR and heart symbolize the love and protection of King George III (George Rex) that would ideally bring peace between Native Americans and British colonists.
- 3. Liberty Tree: Liberty Trees were gathering places in the 1760s and 1770s, where news and ideas of resistance were shared and spread. Liberty Trees became symbols of this resistance.
- **4.** A Brawl in Harvard Yard: Israel Task was 11 years old when he saw George Washington leap into a fight between American soldiers in order to restore order to the camp in Cambridge, Massachusetts.
- 5. The Promise of Equality: On July 9, 1776, the Declaration of Independence was read aloud in New York City. A crowd gathered and tore down the statue of King George III and smashed it into pieces. What would you do if someone handed you this rope?
- 6. The Battle for New York: This cannonball was found on the site of Fort Washington in New York City, which was captured by the British army in November of 1776. New York City remained under British control throughout the war, until the Treaty of Paris was signed in 1783.
- 7. The Ten Crucial Days: This is an example of a Hessian cap and plate worn by German troops hired by King George III. Revolutionary Americans viewed Hessians as mercenaries and feared the loss of freedom they represented. However, many Hessian soldiers did not return to their homeland following the war, choosing instead to make their home in the new United States.
- 8. Oneida Nation Gallery: In 1776, there were over 250,0000 Native Americans, comprising more than 80 separate nations, living in British North America. The Oneida Nation was one of many nations of

- Native American people who had to decide how to engage in the growing conflict: side with the British or the Revolutionaries or stay neutral? By 1777, most Native American nations had sided with the British. The Oneida and part of the Tuscarora chose to ally with the United States.
- **9.** Arms of Independence: This sword and sash are what many officers would have outfitted themselves with. Do you see the animal head carved on the top?
- 10. Aboard the Sloop: The ship is a replica of many privateer ships that were permitted by Congress to attack British fleets and keep whatever goods they captured. Privateer ships disrupted British supply routes and kept goods and money flowing through Revolutionary hands.
- 11. War in the South: These soldiers on their horses are Loyalist dragoons, Americans willing to fight and die for the King.
- 12. Unfinished Victories: This monument is a reproduction of one in Massachusetts that was hit with iron cannon balls during Shav's Rebellion, a violent disagreement between farmers and the state government.
- 13. Ratifying the Constitution: This clock was made after George Washington's death, honoring him as the First President of the United States. It is similar in style to symbols of the British monarchy prominent on many household items before the war.
- 14. The Revolutionary Generation: Many people who lived through the Revolutionary War lived long enough to experience the invention of photography in 1839. Look at how many different people were part of building our new nation! What kind of nation did they create? What is the future of the American Revolution?

BONUS

We have 6 cannons across our museum!





